Feedback on the PhD manuscript "Machine learning enhancement of micro-CT based micromechanics of composite materials" by Radmir Karamov

Member of the examination committee: Frederik Desplentere

The thesis explores the use of deep learning techniques to improve the analysis of composite materials using X-ray computed tomography. It presents algorithms for improving CT image quality, refining material segmentation and generating periodic representations.

The comments related to the manuscript:

pre-p. 4 In case this is based on micro-CT input data

- pre-p.4 Fibre breaks is not easy to translate within a RVE with PBC's
- p.1 impart: I don't know/use this word
- p.11 I wonder if this research will look for modelling of defects..
- p. 12 Considering the size limit of 2000-4000 pixels in one dimension, the sample size should be less than 1000-2000 times smaller than the features of interest: Isn't it opposite??
- p. 22 Describe as it is shown on the figure.
- p.32 This material also was panel was manufactured in the shape of a flat, circular table measuring 30 cm in diameter: sentence
- p.32 Due to the circular shape of the plates, the orientation of the specimens was not fixed. The tests were performed: it would be nice to see an example of those plates
- p. 33 I'm in favour of mentioning coefficient of variation (1 stdev / average value)
- p. 36 Idea of the production process.
- p. 102 Provide insights into determining the appropriate size of the RVE on page 102.
- p.145 Reflect on potential implications of the research.

This work contributes to the field of composite materials research and is suitable for PhD defence.